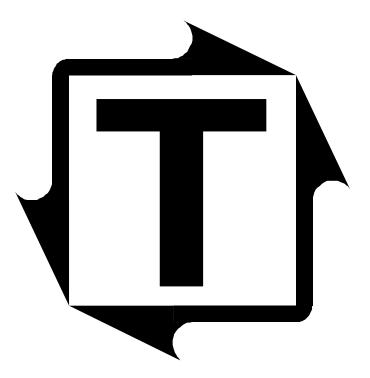
ZT-4



Tonnage Load Module

By Toledo Integrated Systems

User's Manual



ZT-4 Load Module User's Manual

Revision: A



Scan to visit us on the web

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Table of Contents

Limited Warranty	4
Features Overview	
Specifications	7
Installation	9
Mounting the ZT-4	9
DC Power Connection	10
Shunt Resistors	11
Tonnage Gage Sensor Connection	12
20mA-out Sensor Connection	16
10V-out Sensor Connection	18
Analog Voltage Output	20
Analog Current Output	21
Triggering – Internal Threshold	
Triggering – External Probe	
Calibration	25
Front Panel Controls	25
Notes – Bar-Graph Voltmeter	25
Calibration Procedures	
Check Calibration	31
Operation	33
Peak Mode Operation	33
Track Mode Operation	
Appendix	
A) Sensor Installation (Doc# 11080)	
	37

Table of Figures

Figure 1:	Mounting Dimensions	9
Figure 2:	DC Power Wiring	10
Figure 3:	Channel 1 Built-In 1M Ohm Shunt Resistor Wiring	
Figure 4:	Channel 1 External Shunt Resistor Installation	11
Figure 5:	Strain Gage Sensor Input	13
Figure 6:	Strain Gage Sensor Cable Stripping	14
Figure 7:	Strain Gage Sensor Wiring	15
Figure 8:	20mA-out Sensor Input	17
Figure 9:	10V-out Sensor Input	19
Figure 10:	Analog Voltage Output Wiring	20
Figure 11:	Analog Current Output Wiring	21
Figure 12:	Internal Threshold Wiring	22
Figure 13:	Probe Input Wiring	23
Figure 14:	Probe Timing Diagram	24
Figure 15:	Calibration Gain Voltage Measurement	
Figure 16:	Calibration Card Sample	

Limited Warranty

This unit is warranted by the manufacturer, Toledo Transducers, Inc., to be free of defects in workmanship and materials for one year from date of manufacturer's shipment. This warranty is limited to repairing or replacing products which manufacturer's investigation shows were defective at the time of shipment by the manufacturer.

All products subject to this warranty must be returned for examination, repair or replacement

F.O.B. to:

Toledo Transducers, Inc. 6834 Spring Valley Drive Holland, Ohio 43528

The express warranty set forth herein is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, including without limitation any warranties of merchant-ability or fitness for a particular purpose. All such warranties are hereby disclaimed and excluded by the manufacturer.

Repair or replacement of defective products as provided above is the sole and exclusive remedy provided thereunder. The manufacturer shall not be liable for any further loss, damages, or expenses, including incidental or consequential damages, directly or indirectly arising from the sale or use of this product.

Any unauthorized repair voids this warranty.

There are no warranties that extend beyond those expressly set forth herein.

Features Overview

- Designed to work with strain gage sensors and load cells. The ZT-4 can also accept input from 4-20mA current output sensors or voltage output sensors.
- Four independent channels for accommodating up to eight sensors.
- Simultaneously provides normal peak, reverse peak, and track voltage outputs. Channel 1 provides the associated 0-20mA current outputs.
- Built-in threshold trigger simplifies installation. External probe trigger can also be used when situation required.
- LED bar-graph voltmeter for easy setup and diagnostic.
- Built-in 1 Mega Ohm calibration shunt resistor. Channel 1 accepts user selected external shunt resistor.
- x1 and x10 amplifier gain ranges to work with either strong or weak signal from the load sensor.
- Auto-Zero can be selected using dip switches to compensate for zeroing errors caused by environmental changes such as temperature, humidity, and etc.
- Electrical noise rejection filter can be enabled when situation required.
- Plug-in connectors for easy wiring and installation.
- Standard DIN Rail mount simplifies systems integration.
- Modular with common bus design allows future upgrade and expansion.

The ZT-4 tonnage load module is designed for critical force measurement applications where accuracy, extreme stability, and dependable noise rejection is essential. It is equipped with an LED bar-graph voltmeter for easy setup and diagnostic. The ZT-4 is DIN rail mountable and is designed to interface with a PLC analog card and to display output through a human machine interface (HMI).

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Specifications

Channels	One to four channels
Transducers	Full bridge, 120 to 1000 ohms. Maximum of (2) 350 ohm sensors, paralleled per channel.
Sensor Excitation	Built in +10VDC at 250mA max.
Balance Range	+/- 1mV/V of sensor imbalance
Gain Ranges	Low range = x50 to x550 adjustable High range = x500 to x5,500 adjustable
Calibration Shunt	Built-in 1 mega ohm (.1%). Channel 1 accepts custom shunt.
Output Range	Normal Peak and Reverse Peak = 0 to 10VDC Track output = -10 to +10VDC
	Channel 1 also provides current outputs: Normal Peak and Reverse Peak = 0 to 20mA Track output = -20 to +20mA
Circuit Inaccuracy	+/1% of full scale max.
Circuit Non-linearity	+/02% of full scale max.
Auto Zero	Time constant = 10 seconds. DIP switch selectable.
Frequency Response	DC to 5,000 Hz
Speed Limit	2000 SPM max. when triggered by External Probe 500 SPM max. when triggered by Internal Threshold
Operating Temperature	-4 to 158 degree F, or -20 to 70 degree C
Display	LED bar-graph voltmeter for setup and diagnostic
Trigger	Internal Threshold (.35V / .70V) base on Channel 1 signal, or External Probe.
Probe Input	NPN/PNP proximity probes, solid state or dry contact relays. Built-in 24VDC at 80mA max. supplies power to the probe.
Input Power	24VDC at 0.5A max. Automatic resettable fuse.
Dimensions	1.9" W x 4.1" H x 4.7" D
Mounting	Standard DIN Rail mount

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Installation

Mounting the ZT-4

The ZT-4 is designed to clip onto standard top hat DIN rail (TH 35-7.5 or TH 35-15).

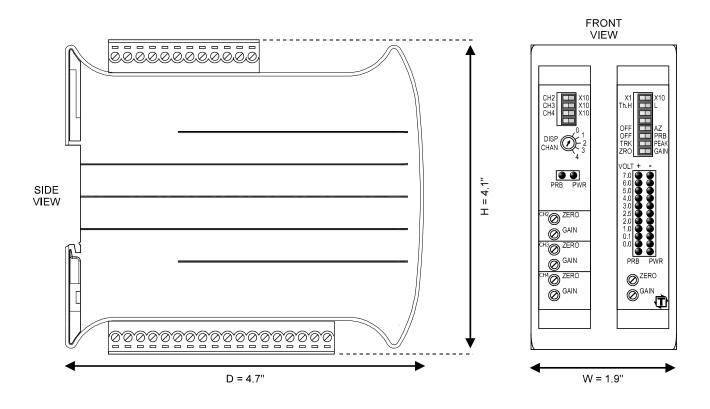
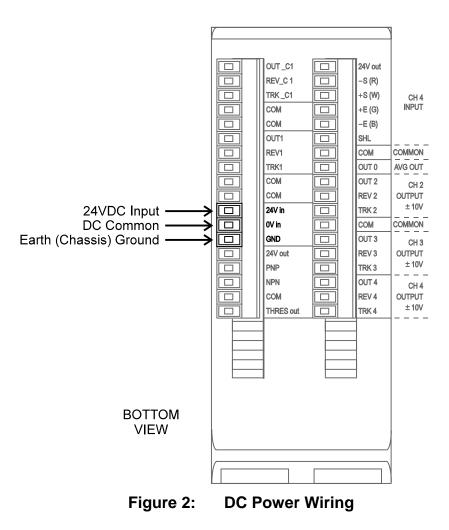


Figure 1: Mounting Dimensions

DC Power Connection

24VDC power is connected to the ZT-4 as shown in Figure 2.



Notes:

- 1) The 24VDC source can be in range from 18VDC to 32VDC.
- 2) It is important to connect an Earth Ground to the GND terminal.
- 3) Do not apply power until all the wirings in this Installation Section are done.

Shunt Resistors

Each channel comes with an 1M ohm built-in shunt resistor. Channel 1 is capable of utilizing either the 1M ohm built-in shunt resistor or a user-specified external shunt resistor.

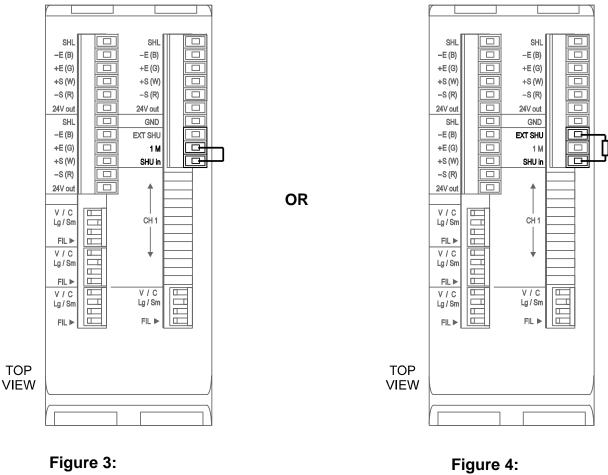


Figure 3: Channel 1 Built-In 1M Ohm Shunt Resistor Wiring Figure 4: Channel 1 External Shunt Resistor Installation

Shunt resistor only works directly with the Wheatstone bridge type sensor. It has no effect if other type of sensor is used.

Strain Gage Sensor Connection

Refer to Figure 5 for the procedures below:

Connection:

- 1) Prepare the sensor cable for termination as described in Illustration A on page 14.
- 2) Remove the Phoenix plug from its socket on the top of the unit (CH1-3) or from the bottom of the unit (CH4) and wire the sensor cable as described in Illustration B on page 15.
- 3) The Phoenix plug can then be inserted back into its socket.

Configuration:

- 1) Set the V / C dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "V" position for voltage sensor. Strain Gage sensor outputs voltage signal.
- 2) Set the Lg / Sm dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "Sm" position for small signal. Strain Gage sensor outputs un-amplified signal (small signal).
- 3) Set FIL dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "No filter" position. Apply this filter only when electrical noise becomes a problem at the analog output.
- Note: There are four sets of Sensor Signal Configuration dip-switches. Each set is for the corresponding channel.

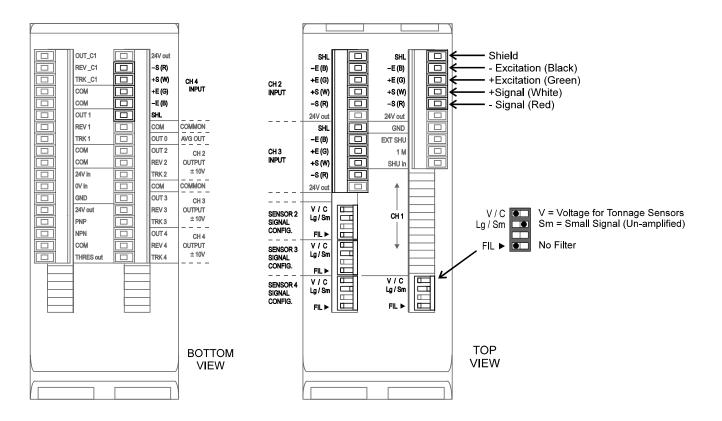
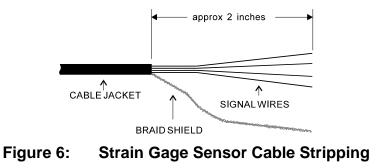




Illustration A - Sensor Cable Termination

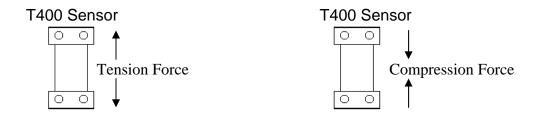
1) Strip the sensor cable as shown in Figure 6 below. Be sure not to knick any of the signal conductors or cut the braid shield.



- 2) Strip approximately ¼" of insulation from each of the four signal conductors.
- Note: If your sensor cable is not double shielded with both foil and a braid, electrical noise may affect your output readings.

Illustration B - Sensors Connection

The ZT-4 accepts the signals from Toledo Transducers T-400 sensors as well as other strain gage sensors. Figure 7 illustrates the sensor connections.



SENSOR CONNECTION

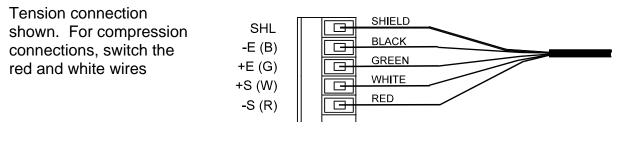


Figure 7: Strain Gage Sensor Wiring

20mA-out Sensor Connection

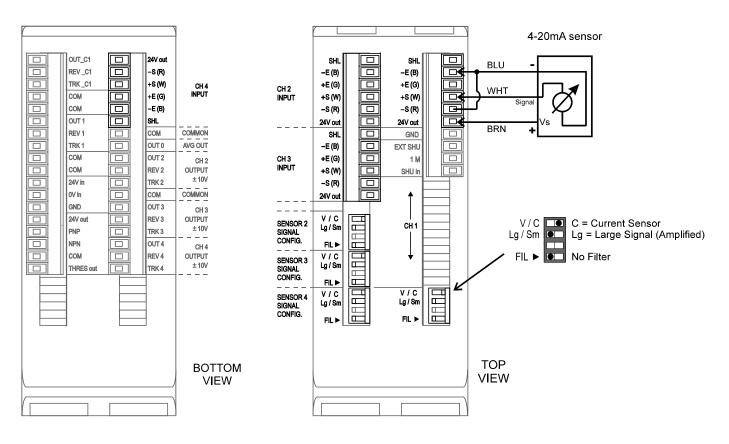
The 20mA-out Sensor applies to sensors with output up to +/-20mA including the 4-20mA output sensor. Refer to Figure 8 for the procedures below:

Connection:

- 1) Remove the Phoenix plug from its socket on the top of the unit (CH1-3) or from the bottom of the unit (CH4) and wire the sensor cable as shown.
- 2) The Phoenix plug can then be inserted back into its socket.

Configuration:

- 1) Set the V / C dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "C" position for current output sensor. 20mA-out sensor outputs current signal.
- 2) Set the Lg / Sm dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "Lg" position for large signal. 20mA-out sensor outputs amplified signal (large signal).
- 3) Set FIL dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "No filter" position. Apply this filter only when electrical noise becomes a problem at the analog output.
- Note: There are four sets of Sensor Signal Configuration dip-switches. Each set is for the corresponding channel.





10V-out Sensor Connection

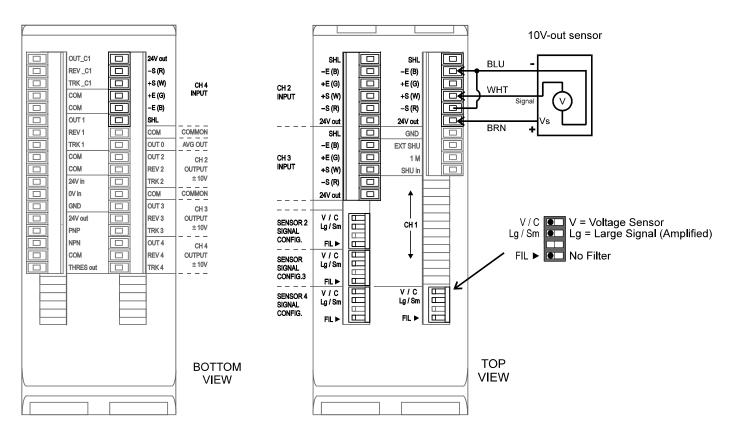
The 10V-out Sensor applies to sensors with output up to +/-10V. Refer to Figure 9 for the procedures below:

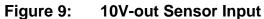
Connection:

- 1) Remove the Phoenix plug from its socket on the top of the unit (CH1-3) or from the bottom of the unit (CH4) and wire the sensor cable as shown.
- 2) The Phoenix plug can then be inserted back into its socket.

Configuration:

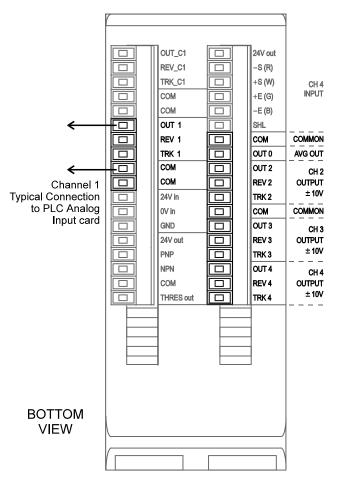
- 1) Set the V / C dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "V" position for voltage sensor. 10V-out sensor outputs voltage signal.
- 2) Set the Lg / Sm dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "Lg" position for large signal. 10V-out sensor outputs amplified signal (large signal).
- 3) Set FIL dip-switch for the corresponding channel to "No filter" position. Apply this filter only when electrical noise becomes a problem at the analog output.
- Note: There are four sets of Sensor Signal Configuration dip-switches. Each set is for the corresponding channel.





Analog Voltage Output

The analog voltage output is provided on a Phoenix connector for easy access and for interfacing with other peripherals.



Analog Voltage Output:
Swing between ± 10VDC
OUT0 = Normal Output (Average/Total Channel)
OUT1-4 = Normal Output (Channel 1 to 4)
REV1-4 = Reverse Output (Channel 1 to 4)
TRK1-4 = Track Output (Channel 1 to 4)
COM = Analog Common

Figure 10: Analog Voltage Output Wiring

Output details:

- OUT terminals output either Peak tonnage or Track tonnage, depending on the TRK/PEAK switch setting on the front panel.
- REV terminals output the reverse peak (snap-through) tonnage when the front panel TRK/PEAK switch is set to PEAK.
- TRK terminals always output the track tonnage, regardless of the front panel TRK/PEAK switch.

Analog Current Output

The analog current output is available in Channel 1 only. It is provided on a Phoenix connector for easy access and for interfacing with other peripherals.

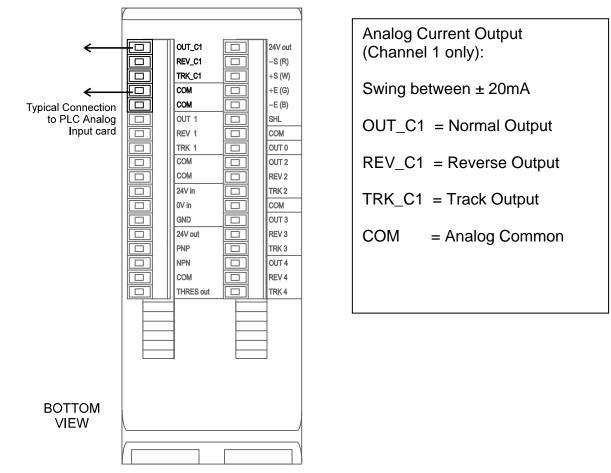


Figure 11: Analog Current Output Wiring

Output details:

- OUT_C1 terminal outputs either Peak tonnage or Track tonnage, depending on the TRK/PEAK switch setting on the front panel.
- REV_C1 terminal outputs the reverse peak (snap-through) tonnage when the front panel TRK/PEAK switch is set to PEAK.
- TRK_C1 terminal always outputs the track tonnage, regardless of the front panel TRK/PEAK switch.

Triggering – Internal Threshold

The ZT-4 can be triggered by an internal threshold value. When this triggering method is used, the ZT-4 begins monitoring when the Channel 1 load rises above the level determined by the front panel's **Th.H / L** switch. Refer to Figure 12 below to configure the unit for threshold triggering.

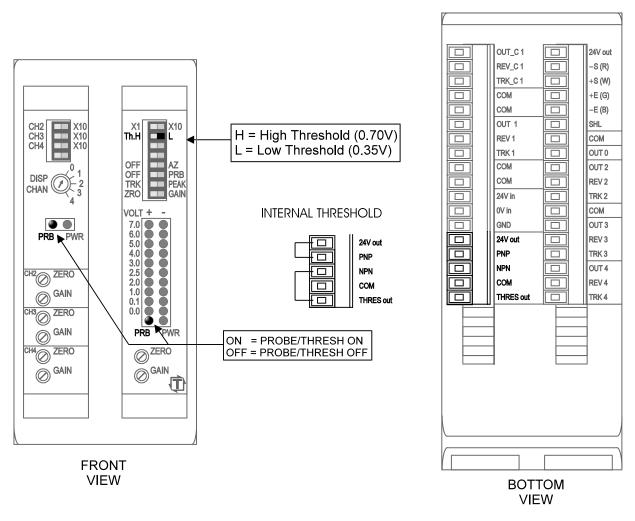


Figure 12: Internal Threshold Wiring

The probe (PRB) indicators should turn on when the Channel 1 load rises above the threshold value, and turn off when the load falls back below the threshold value.

Triggering – External Probe

The ZT-4 can be triggered by an external probe signal. If an external probe is used, the probe supply voltage (+24VDC) is provided by the ZT-4. The figure below illustrates the wiring for a variety of sensing devices.

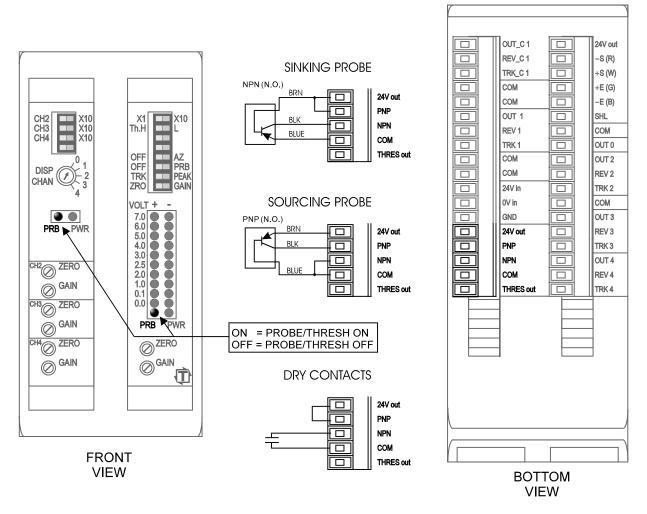


Figure 13: Probe Input Wiring

The probe (PRB) indicators should turn on when the probe turns on, and turn off when the probe turns off.

If the front panel Auto-Zero switch is enabled, the ZT-4 will remain in the auto-zeroing mode of operation until an external probe is applied.

The auto zero feature is important for accurate readings. Over time the press frame will slightly change in its structure. This may be due to temperature or press frame tension. The ZT-4 will compensate for the slight change. It will readjust the zero base line. This zero base line is the no-load value of the press. With a consistent zero value, the tonnage output readings should remain accurate.

When the probe turns on, the ZT-4 opens the window to read a load signal. In peak mode the load level rises to the highest value.

When the probe turns off, the peak level is held at its high level and the auto-zeroing function is resumed (Notice the dotted line below). The peak level is reset the next time the probe transitions from off to on.

The timing of the probe should be such that it turns on just before the machine begins generating a load (140°) and remains on until the load is removed (240°).

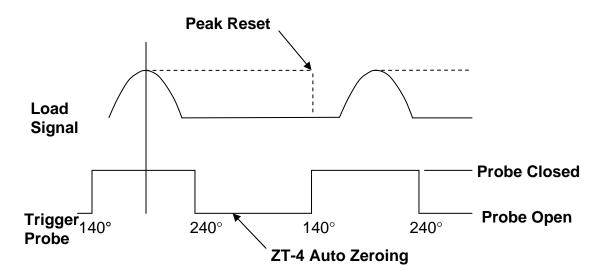
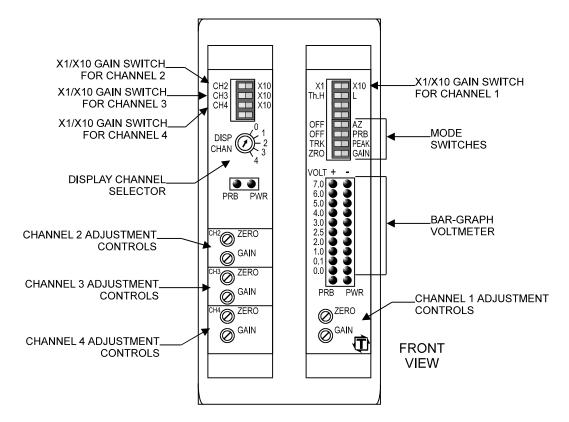


Figure 14: Probe Timing Diagram

Calibration

Front Panel Controls

Refer to the diagram below for control locations.



Notes - Bar-Graph Voltmeter

Normally, a digital voltmeter is used to check the sensor balance, and output voltage during a calibration. The digital voltmeter is connected to the OUTx and COM terminals (see Figure 15).

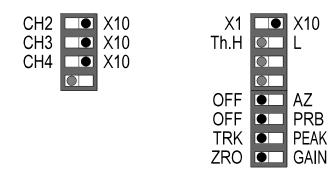
If calibration accuracy of +/-1% of capacity is acceptable, the built-in Bar-graph voltmeter can be used for calibration.

Let us use the +6.0 VOLT LED in the built-in Bar-graph voltmeter as an example here. When this LED is on, it could mean a voltage anywhere from +6.00 volt to +6.99 volt. But when this LED just changes state from off to on, it indicates an accurate reading of +6.00 volt. This characteristic is useful when you dial the gain pot to adjust the output voltage. This characteristic applies to all LED's in this Bar-graph voltmeter.

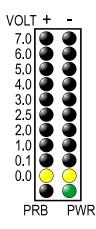
In case you need to set the output voltage to +5.50 volt, the Bar-graph voltmeter will not work accurately. You will need to use a digital voltmeter for cases like this.

Calibration Procedures

- 1) Before calibrating the unit, verify each hardware mentioned in the Installation Section is connected and set up properly.
- 2) With the sensors placed in the best possible location, (see appendix A), torque the sensors down to 150 in-lbs on the sensor bolts. Do not put the sensor enclosure covers on yet. You will need to test each sensor location.
- 3) Find the shut height of the press.
 - Jog the press until the ram is at bottom dead center (BDC) or 180° without the load cells or die in the press.
 - Determine the amount of spacers needed with your load cell. Cycle the press without load cells to insure correct height.
- 4) Place the load cells in the correct position in the press.
 - All load cells should be equal distance from the sides and front and rear. For example, 12" from the sides, 10" from front and rear. Load cells are typically placed at each corner of the press's bed.
 - Cycle the press without hitting the load cells first.
 - Place cardboard on the top and bottom of the load cells.
- 5) Toggle the Mode switches to AZ OFF, PRB OFF, TRACK, ZERO. Also, set all Gain switches to X10 to start.



- 6) Balance the tonnage sensors.
 - Set the Display channel selector to **1** for Channel 1. The Bar-graph voltmeter now shows the balance of Channel 1.
 - Adjust the Channel 1 ZERO pot until the bar-graph has only the 2 yellow **0.0V** LEDs lit. This indicates a balanced or zeroed state (see notes on page 25).



- Repeat this step for Channels 2, 3, and 4.
- 7) Cycle the press.
 - Set the Mode switches to AZ OFF, PRB, PEAK, and ZERO.

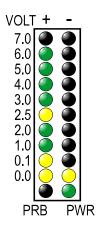


• Further adjust the shut height so that the press impacts the load cells and generates a load at 100% of press capacity. See warning below.

<u>WARNING</u>

Depending on the press capacity and the size of the load cells being used, loading the press at capacity with load cells could indent the ram or bolster. If this is a concern, you may choose to calibrate the press only up to 80% of capacity.

- 8) Adjust the gain.
 - Set the Display channel selector to **1** for Channel 1.
 - Run the press for 2 cycles at capacity.
 - Compare the voltage level on the bar-graph with the load cell that corresponds to Channel 1.
 - Adjust the Channel 1 GAIN pot.
 - Repeat until the desired voltage LED just turns on (see notes on page 25). For example, +6.0V at 100.0 tons.



- If less gain is needed, change the Channel 1 Gain switch to X1, then repeat from Step 4 for this channel only.
- Repeat this step for Channels 2, 3, and 4.

- 9) Record the Calibration Gain Voltage.
 - Set the Mode switches to AZ OFF, PRB OFF, TRACK, and ZERO as shown. Use the Display channel selector, and the Bar-graph voltmeter to verify that each sensor is at zero (see notes on page 25).



• Set the ZRO/GAIN switch to GAIN and use a digital voltmeter to measure the voltage across the OUT1 and COM terminals. Record this value as the Calibration gain voltage for Channel 1. Then do the same for Channel 2, 3 and 4.

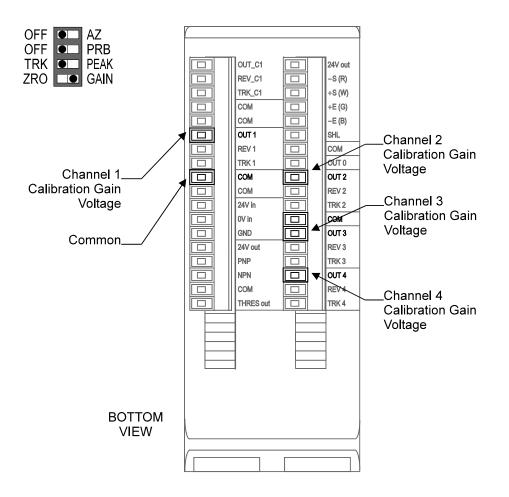


Figure 15: Calibration Gain Voltage Measurement

10)Documentation.

- Fill in the Calibration Card (a sample shown below) which is located in the side pocket.
- Set Mode switches as shown. Calibration is now complete.

OFF	ΑZ
OFF	PRB
TRK	PEAK
ZRO	GAIN

	e l ZT-4 ted By:	Joh	n Doe	Serial No Date:	A150 1-1-20	
Channel Number		Range tches	Gain (DC Volts)	Sensor Location		Switch ch Position)
1 2 3	x1_X x1_X x1_X	x10 x10 x10	3.25 3.20 3.28	LR RR LF	Th.H	
		x10 ated Systen	3.32	RF Made in the USA	OFF OFF TRK	AZ PRB
	oledo Transd	ucers, Inc.			ZRO 📘	
+		, 	ion (FillIn Switch Pc	sition)		
Senso		, 	ion (FillIn Switch Pc Sensor 2	sition) Sensor 3		GAIN GAIN Gensor 4
Senso	or Signal C ensor 1 C m	Configurati			S	Sensor 4

Figure 16: Calibration Card Sample

Check Calibration

Occasionally, you may need to check the unit's accuracy by verifying the Calibration gain voltage. The Calibration gain voltage is recorded in the calibration card which is located in the side pocket.

To verify the Calibration gain voltage, follow step 9 (page 29) in the Calibration Procedures.

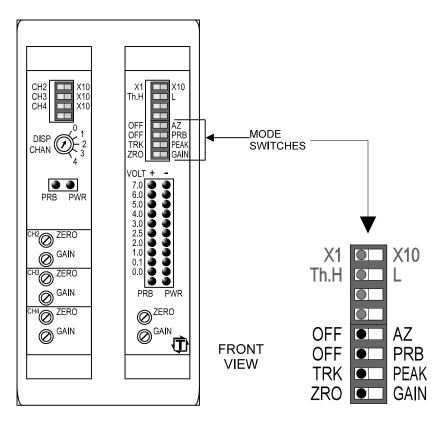
THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

> Operation

Once the ZT-4 has been calibrated, it is ready for continuous use. This section details the setup for Peak Mode and Track Mode operations.

Peak Mode Operation

In Peak mode, the output will increase to the highest load level and remain at that voltage until the probe transitions from off to on again.



- 1) Set the Mode switches to AZ OFF, PRB OFF, TRK, and ZRO as shown above.
- 2) Skip this step if Auto-Zero is not needed.a) Toggle the OFF/AZ switch to AZ to start Auto-Zero.

OFF OFF	
	PEAK
ZRO	GAIN

b) When Auto-Zero is done, only the 2 yellow LEDs at **0.0V** are lit.

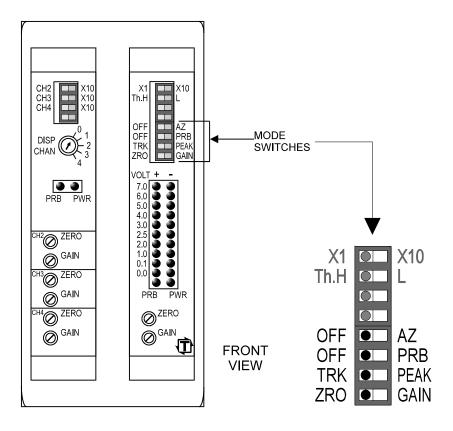
①
Toledo Integrated Systems

3) Set the OFF/PRB switch to PRB and set the TRK/PEAK switch to PEAK. The unit is now ready to run in Peak mode.

OFF	AZ
OFF	PRB
TRK	PEAK
ZRO	GAIN

Track Mode Operation

In Track mode, output will follow the loading on the sensors as the load on the machine increases and decreases.



1) Set the Mode switches to AZ OFF, PRB OFF, TRK, and ZRO as shown above. If Auto-Zero is not needed, skip the following steps. The unit is now ready to run in Track mode.

- 2) If Auto-Zero is needed, then
 - a) Toggle the OFF/AZ switch to AZ to start Auto-Zero.



- b) When Auto-Zero is done, only the 2 yellow LEDs at **0.0V** are lit.
- 3) Set the OFF/PRB switch to PRB. The unit is now ready to run in Track mode.

OFF		ΑZ
OFF		PRB
TRK		PEAK
ZRO	$\bullet \square$	GAIN

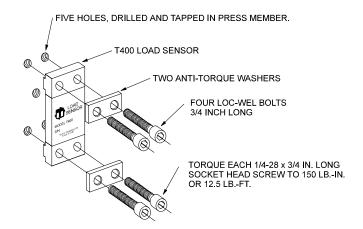
THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

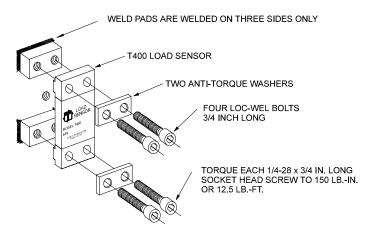
<u>Appendix</u>

- A) Sensor Installation (Doc# 11080)
- B) Calibration Sheets (2) (Form# 1224)

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

INSTALLING T400 LOAD SENSORS



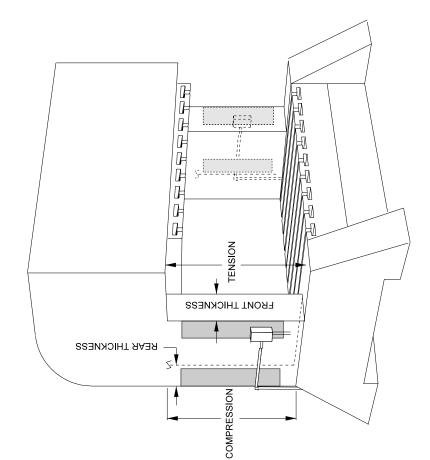


The above illustrations represent the proper arrangement of Model T400 Load Sensor kit parts using either the Drill and Tap method or the Weld method.

A proper installation is necessary to produce good results.

Before installing the sensors, please read the appropriate instructions listed below.

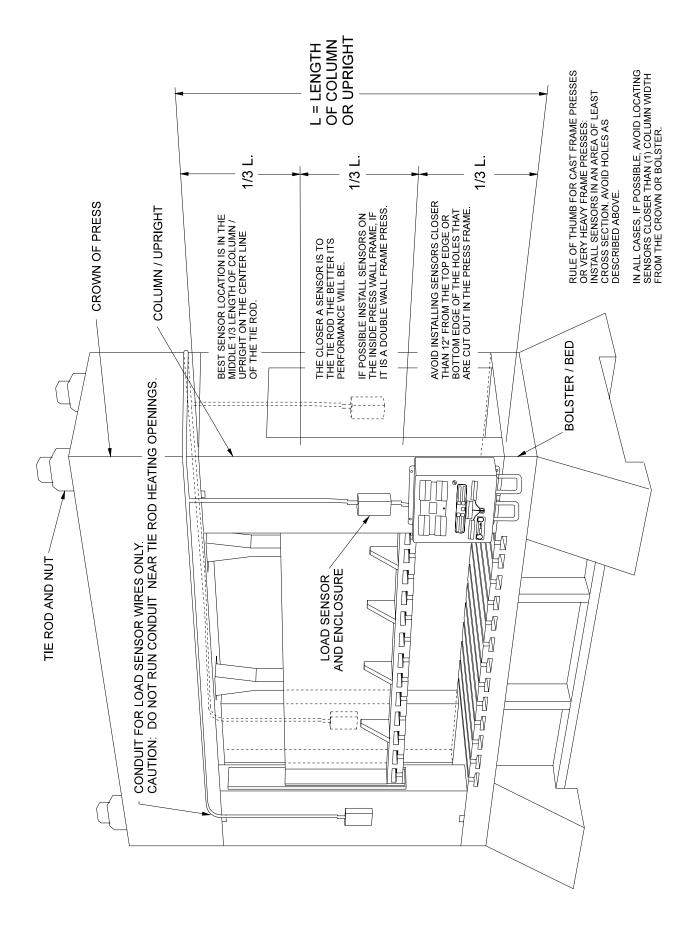
Sensor Placement	Page 2
Press Frame	Page 3
Pitman Mount	Page 4
Drill and Tap Method of Installing Sensors	Page 5
Weld Method of Installing Sensors	Page 6
T400 Enclosure Mounting Details	Page 7

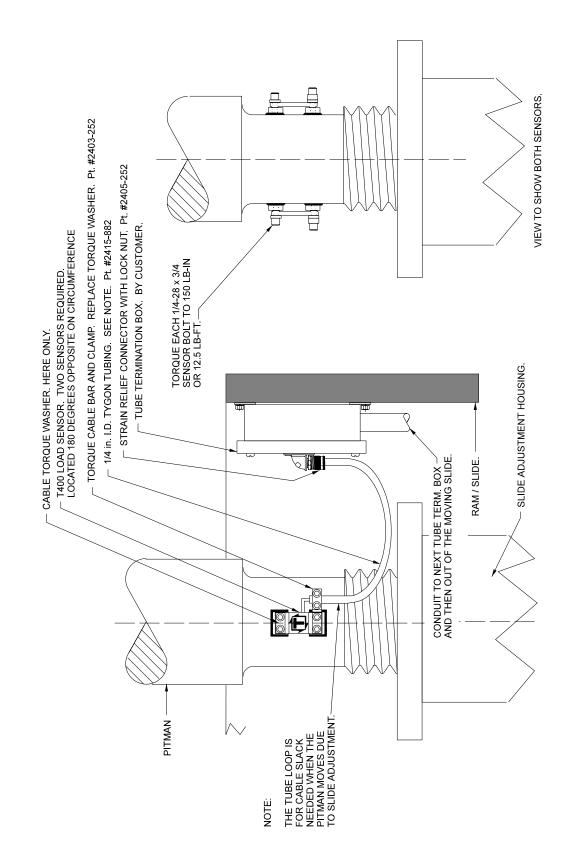


If the front thickness is larger, then place the sensor THE T400 SENSOR GAUGES. THESE ENCLOSURES INCLUDE 1/2" KNOCK-OUT HOLES. IF CONDUIT IS USED, WE SUGGEST USING 1/2" STRAIN sensors in the front. (This is the most common.) HOW TO DETERMINE THE BEST LOCATION SENSOR PLACEMENT RELIEFS IN THE KNOCK-OUT HOLES. FRONT REAR INCLUDED THESE HELP PROTECT in the rear Adjust the input connection for compression readings instead of tension. MEASURE THE FRONT THICKNESS * MEASURE THE REAR THICKNESS П Sensor location must be determined. or the rear of the press. (Shown in You have two locations. The front ო then mount If the front thickness is smaller \times * MULTIPLY BY THREE the shaded area.) than value in



1) (2) SENSORS REQUIRED 2) (2) SENSOR ENCLOSURES ARE



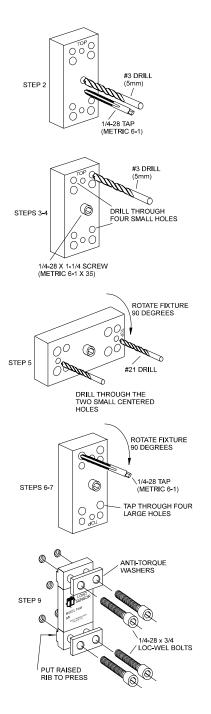


USING THE T400 SENSOR INSTALLATION FIXTURE KIT No. 1977-749

(METRIC INSTALLATION FIXTURE KIT No. 1974-749)

DRILL AND TAP METHOD FOR MOUNTING SENSORS

BE SURE THE SENSOR LOCATION FOLLOWS THE BEST LOCATION DESCRIBED ON THE PREVIOUS PAGES.



- STEP 1 Remove all paint and grease from sensor mount area. If the machine surface is flat (total indicated reading of .002") and smooth (125μ in.) the load sensor can be bolted directly to the surface.
- STEP 2 Drill and tap the center hole for mounting the fixture to the press member. This hole should be ½ inch (13mm) deep.
- STEP 3 Bolt the fixture to the press member using the ¹/₄-28 by 1-¹/₄ inch (M6-1 x 35) long socket head cap screw in the center of the fixture.
- STEP 4 Insert the number 3 drill (5mm) into the smaller corner hole and drill out all four holes to a depth of ³/₄ of an inch (19mm.)
- STEP 5 Loosen the fixture. Rotate the fixture 90 degrees clockwise. Tighten the center screw of the fixture. Insert the number 21 drill into the small centered hole and drill out both holes to a depth of 3/8 of an inch. These holes are for mounting the sensor enclosure. The fixture does not allow for tapping these holes. They are tapped without the fixture. Enclosure mounting is not done in metric.
- STEP 6 Loosen the fixture. Rotate the fixture another 90 degrees clockwise such that the larger corner holes line up with the holes drilled in Step 4. Insert a tap to be sure the holes line up. Lock the fixture in place by tightening the center screw.
- STEP 7 Insert the tap into the larger tap guide holes and tap each hole.

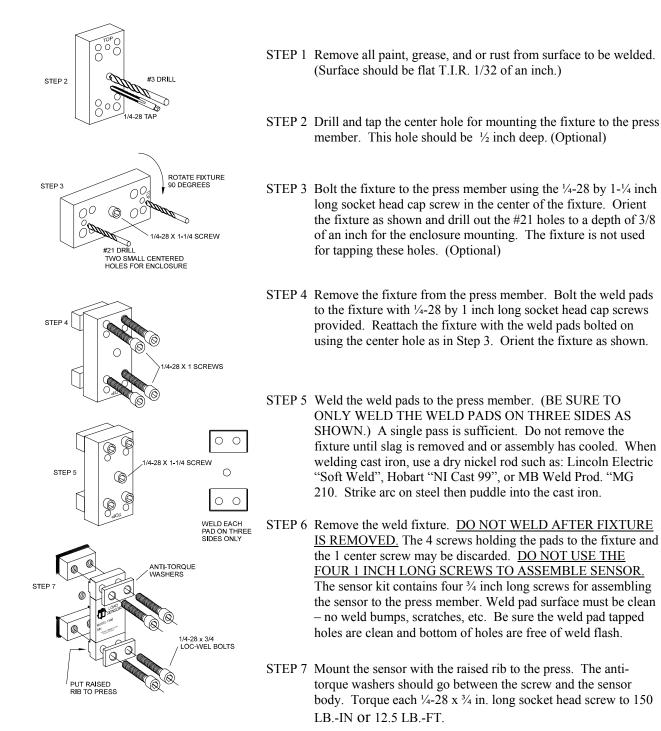
BE SURE TO USE PLENTY OF TAPPING FLUID.

- STEP 8 Remove the fixture and repeat Steps 1-7 for each additional sensor mounting position.
- STEP 9 Mount the sensor with the raised rib to the press. The anti-torque washers should go between the screw and the sensor body. Torque each ¹/₄-28 x ³/₄ in. long socket head cap screw to 150 LB.-IN or 12.5 LB.-FT.

USING THE T400 SENSOR INSTALLATION FIXTURE KIT No. 1977-749

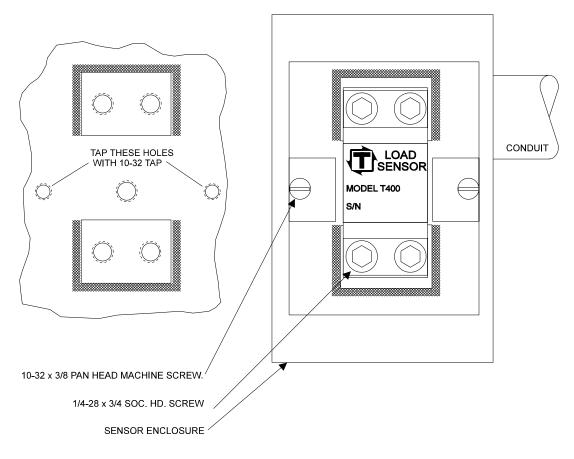
WELD PAD METHOD FOR MOUNTING SENSORS

BE SURE THE SENSOR LOCATION FOLLOWS THE BEST LOCATION DESCRIBED ON THE PREVIOUS PAGES.



SENSOR ENCLOSURE MOUNTING

USE 10-32 TAP IN THE TWO 3/8 DEEP HOLES THAT WERE DRILLED WITH THE FIXTURE IN THE PREVIOUS INSTRUCTIONS. MOUNT THE ENCLOSURE TO THE PRESS MEMBER AND RUN 1/2 INCH CONDUIT TO THE LOAD MONITOR ENCLOSURE. RUN SENSOR CABLE THROUGH CONDUIT. PLACE SENSOR ON MOUNTING HOLES. PLACE ANTI-TORQUE WASHERS OVER SENSOR HOLES. SCREW IN SENSORS BOLTS. (4) EACH, FINGER TIGHT. USE ONLY THE 1/4-28 x 3/4 "LOC-WEL" BOLTS THAT ARE IN THE SENSOR PACKAGE. TORQUE EACH 1/4-28 x 3/4 SCREW TO 150 LB-IN. OR 12.5LB.-FT. ASSEMBLE BOX COVER.



TO	LEDO TR	ANSD	UCERS, IN	c PR	ESS CAL	BRATIC	ON TEST	DATA	HOLL	and, ohio	D U.S.A.	
COMPANY:						DAT	E:					
PHONE: (SERVICE ORDE	,											
SLIDE-ADJUST INDICATOR		AGE		TO LOAD	CELLS O		ין ו		DISPLA'	YED ON L	OAD <u>MONIT</u>	
			ſ	TOTAL			LR		[TUTAL		RR
	LF				۱	RF					J	RF
	LR			TOTAL		RR				TOTAL	1	RR
			[LF		L			RF
				TOTAL			╎╎┝╴			TOTAL		
			(LR		[L	RR
	LF				<u>ر</u>	RF						RF
 				TOTAL	า	RR	LR			TOTAL		RR
					J	RF	LF					RF
											·[
											DEAL LINEA	ARITY
				······································		· · · · · · · · · · · ·						
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
↑ Г												
											LINEARITY	PLOT
											USING TO SHOWN	
- "TOTAL" LOAD											"TOTAL" DIS	
DISPLAYED												
_												
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
		Ø										
			"TOT	AL" TONN		ED TO LOA	D CELLS C	ON PRESS				

DRAW IN :	LEFT REAF COLUN	R MA MA (dr	No TERIAL FLOW aw arrowhead) (() ()))))))))))))	Riginal Real Coll	
	NAGE SENSORS			TION LOAD CELLS	
SENSOR SERIAL	CAL. NO.	X 10 LOCATION (LF, RF, LR, RR)	CELL CAPACITY	SERIAL NO.	CAL.
NUMBER NO.	NU.			NU.	NO.
2 3 4			2 3 4		
CCM TYPE: CO STI DEGREES IN CHANNEL No. 1 TRIGGERED FROM PROBE ? Y TRIPPED ALARM RELAY STOPS ALL STICKERS AND DOCUMENT TFP No.: HIGH 2 LOW 2	:NO PRESS ? YES S FILLED OUT ?	(Show threshold value if not NO EXPLAIN: YES NO IF NOT, EX	triggered from probe): KPLAIN WHY:		
TESTS MADE BY:		TESTS ACCEPTED BY:		DA	TE:
MAIL ADDRES TOLEDO TRANSDUC P.O. BOX 10 HOLLAND, OHIO	ERS, INC.	SHIPPING ADDRESS: TOLEDO TRANSDUCERS, 6834 SPRING VALLEY D HOLLAND, OHIO 4352	R. FAX:	1 (419) 867-4170 1 (419) 867-4180	

TO	LEDO TR	ANSD	UCERS, IN	c PR	ESS CAL	BRATIC	ON TEST	DATA	HOLL	and, ohio	D U.S.A.	
COMPANY:						DAT	E:					
PHONE: (SERVICE ORDE	,											
SLIDE-ADJUST INDICATOR		AGE		TO LOAD	CELLS O		ין ו		DISPLA'	YED ON L	OAD <u>MONIT</u>	
			(TOTAL			LR		[TUTAL		RR
	LF				۱	RF					J	RF
	LR			TOTAL		RR				TOTAL	1	RR
			[LF		L			RF
				TOTAL			╎╎┝╴			TOTAL		
			(LR		[L	RR
	LF				<u>ر</u>	RF						RF
 				TOTAL	า	RR	LR			TOTAL		RR
					J	RF	LF					RF
											·[
												ARITY
		11 - 140 - 14		······································		· · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
↑ Г												
											LINEARITY	PLOT
											USING TO SHOWN	
- "TOTAL" LOAD											"TOTAL" DIS	
DISPLAYED												
_												
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
		Ø										
			"TOT	AL" TONN		ED TO LOA	D CELLS C	ON PRESS				

DRAW IN :	LEFT REAF COLUN	R MA MA (dr	No TERIAL FLOW aw arrowhead) (() ()))))))))))))	Riginal Real Coll	
	NAGE SENSORS			TION LOAD CELLS	
SENSOR SERIAL	CAL. NO.	X 10 LOCATION (LF, RF, LR, RR)	CELL CAPACITY	SERIAL NO.	CAL.
NUMBER NO.	NU.			NU.	NO.
2 3 4			2 3 4		
CCM TYPE: CO STI DEGREES IN CHANNEL No. 1 TRIGGERED FROM PROBE ? Y TRIPPED ALARM RELAY STOPS ALL STICKERS AND DOCUMENT TFP No.: HIGH 2 LOW 2	:NO PRESS ? YES S FILLED OUT ?	(Show threshold value if not NO EXPLAIN: YES NO IF NOT, EX	triggered from probe): KPLAIN WHY:		
TESTS MADE BY:		TESTS ACCEPTED BY:		DA	TE:
MAIL ADDRES TOLEDO TRANSDUC P.O. BOX 10 HOLLAND, OHIO	ERS, INC.	SHIPPING ADDRESS: TOLEDO TRANSDUCERS, 6834 SPRING VALLEY D HOLLAND, OHIO 4352	R. FAX:	1 (419) 867-4170 1 (419) 867-4180	